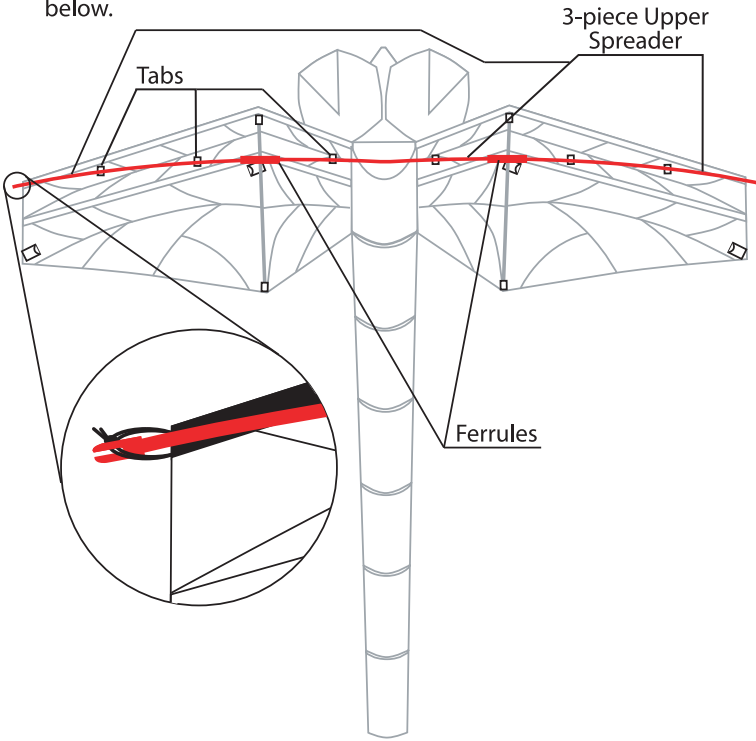
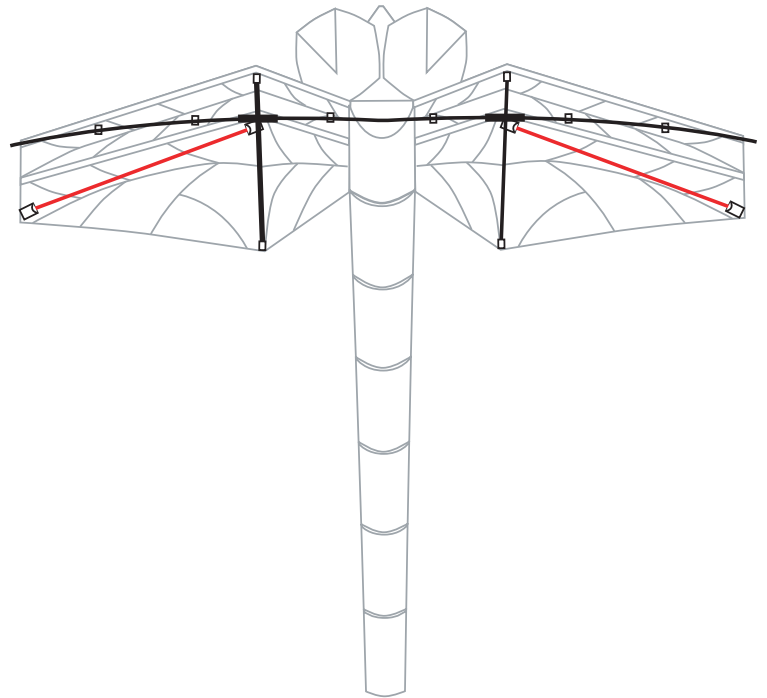


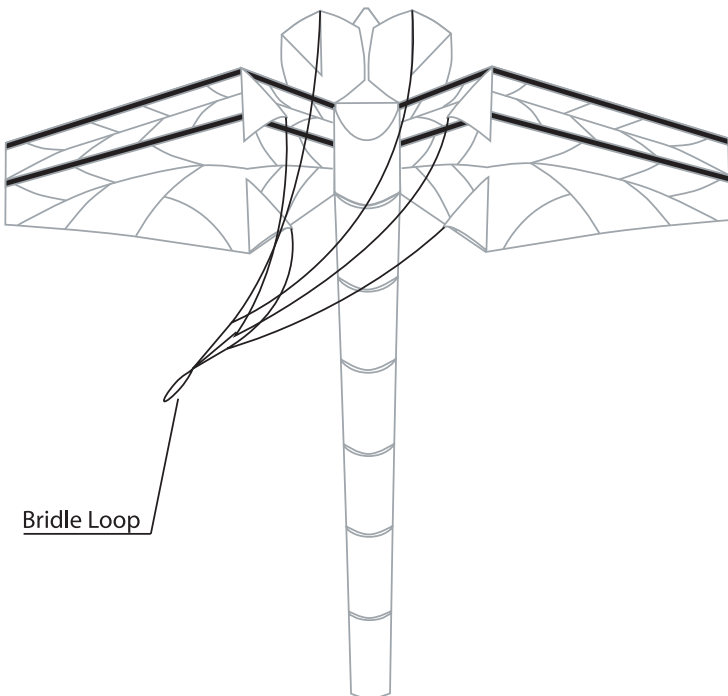
1. Slide one of the Upper Spreader Spars (thicker stick with arrow nock and a ferrule) into the tabs starting with the tab closest to the wingtip. Then position it over the vertical spreader that is already in place. Repeat for other side. Next, insert each end of the Upper Spreader Spar that has no arrow nocks, into both of the ferrules. Once all three spars are assembled, hook each end of the spars into the bungee lines located at the wingtip as shown below.



2. Next, insert the spars that have endcaps at both ends into the pocket just under the ferrules and then into other pocket located at the bottom end of the wingtip as shown below.



3. Attach your Flying Line onto the bridle loop, after determining your current wind conditions.



Tips & Tricks

1. Kites fly best in wide open spaces. Avoid flying in areas near buildings and trees.
2. To Launch, stand with the wind to your back.
3. Hold the kite with the nose up in one hand while securely holding the winder in the other.
4. When you feel the pressure of the wind against the kite, let go. As the kite rises, slowly release the line.
5. A high altitude launch is an effective method of getting your kite off the ground in light winds. Have someone stand downwind as you let out as much line as possible (>100 feet). As the kite is released into the wind, tug on the line.